



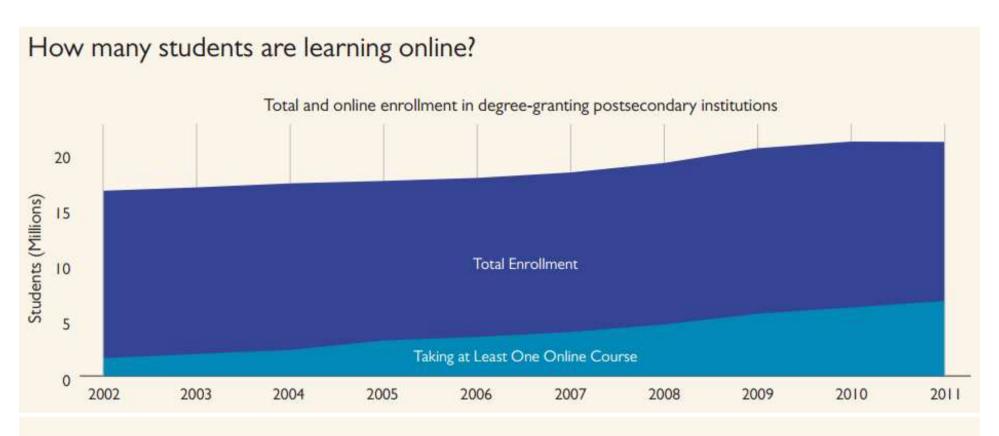
Distance Education in Soil,
Agricultural and
Environmental Sciences –
Successes, Challenges, and
Potentials

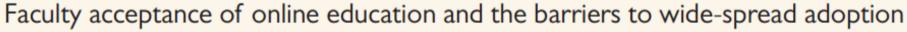
Sabine Grunwald sabgru@ufl.edu

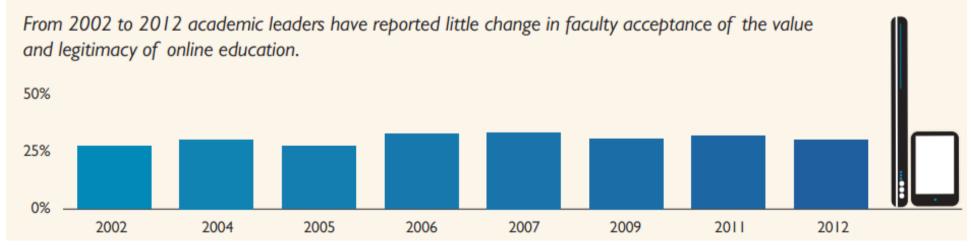
10 years of Tracking Online Education in the U.S. (Sloan

Consortium, Pearson and Babson Survey Research Group):

- Over 6.7 million students were taking at least one online course (2011)
- Only 2.6% of higher educ. institutions have a Massive
 Open Online Course
- 77% of academic leaders rate the learning outcomes in online education as the same or superior to those in F2F classes
- 69.1% of academic leaders say that online learning is critical to their long-term strategy







http://www.pearsonlearningsolutions.com/assets/downloads/reports/changing-course-survey.pdf

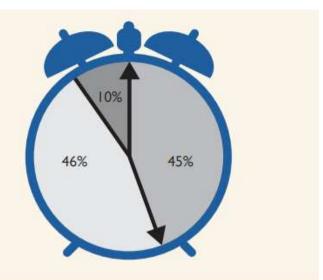
Does it take more faculty time and effort to teach online?

45% of CAOs agree that it takes more faculty time and effort to teach an online course than a face-to-face course

Agree

Neutral

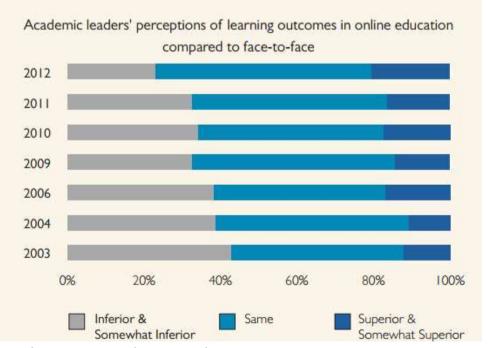
Disagree



Are student learning outcomes comparable?



Of academic leaders surveyed reported online learning outcomes to be the same, somewhat superior or superior to face-to-face in 2012.



http://www.pearsonlearningsolutions.com/assets/downloads/reports/changing-course-survey.pdf

Distance Education in Brazil (Survey by the National Institute of Studies and Educational Surveys):

- 15% of all universities use DE
- Most Brazilian students that benefit from DE are from emerging middle class
- Preferred majors: Pedagogy, business admin., and social services



Closed vs. Open Education

- Open-source knowledge-ware development (tools)
- Open-source courseware development (content)

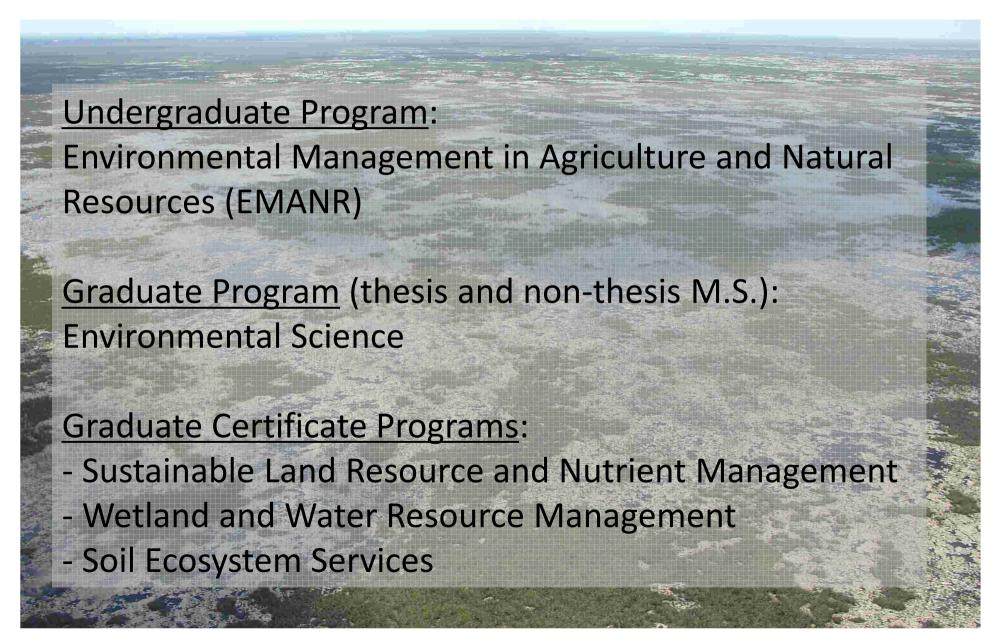


From Globalisation to Glocalisation

- Localization of online education is context specific
- Cultural, language, digital divide and other barriers



Distance Education Programs, Soil and Water Science Department - University of Florida



diverse hybrid design effective Students issues

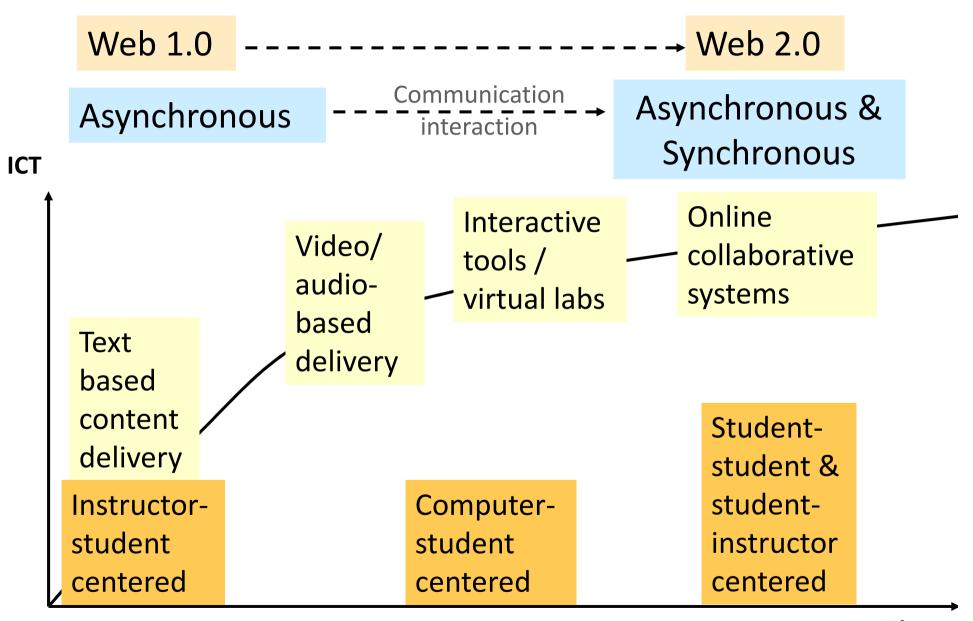
WVIZ graduate lessons professional education concepts participate

enhanced Learners collaborative experiences opportunities achievement eachers standards leadership development eachers standards learning emerging global courseinformation Technology productivity demonstrate Class resources innovative practice facilitate promote curriculum explore extend school share

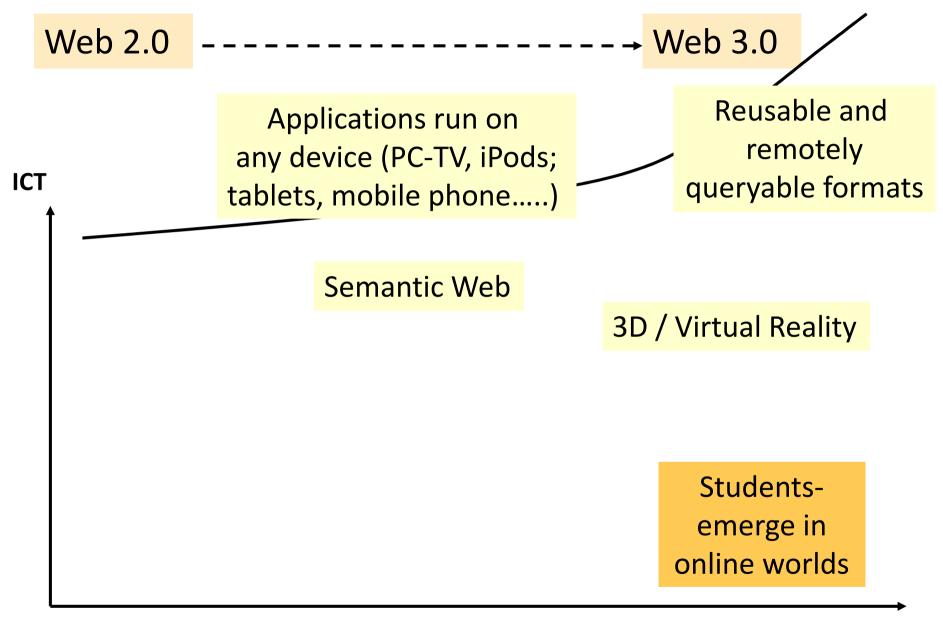
Values of Learning:

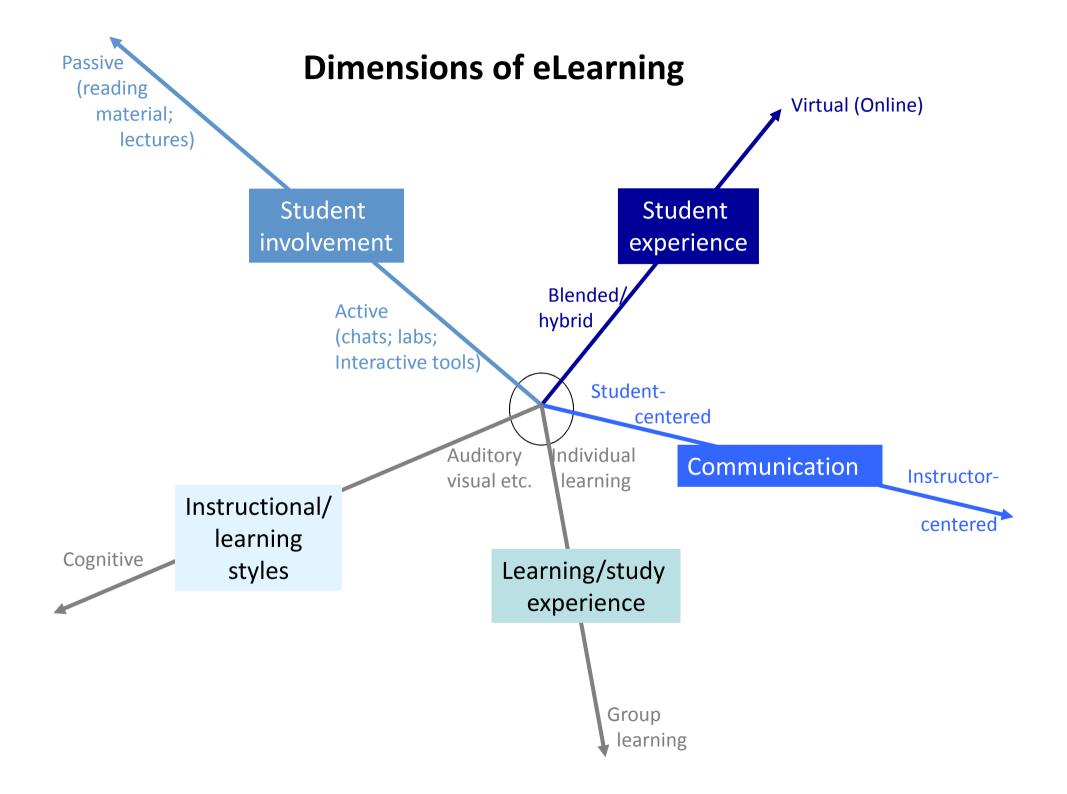
- Develop understanding and personal meaning
- Develop competence through mastery of skills and processes
- Develop the learner's ability to articulate and share their knowledge
- Enable the learner to transfer learning from one context to another in authentic life situations

Trends - e-Delivery Methods



Trends - e-Delivery Methods





Complexity of Learning

Higher-order skills

Projects

Guided Q/A

Critical discussion

Motivational imprints

Labs

Demonstrations

Case studies

Assignments

Quizzes

Textbooks

Lectures

Create **Evaluate Synthesize**

's Taxonomy

Adapted Bloom

Apply

Analyze

Understand

Remember

Lower-order skills

Bloom, 1984 Anderson and Krathwohl, 2001

Communication and Learning

- A large body of literature suggests that communication in the classroom is central to the learning process
- Both on-campus and DE students have social needs and interacting with others can improve learning outcomes



Learning

Research findings have shown that information is absorbed best when using more than one human sense

10% by reading

30% by reading & visuals

50% by reading, visuals & sound

80% by reading, visuals, sound & interaction

It is a combination of technologies and media that provide a learning environment rich in various forms of interaction (interaction with content and people)

Asynchronous

Course Management System

Synchronous

- Text
- Audio
- Visuals
- Video
- Interaction

- Chats
- Virtual labs
- Virtual office
- Social media

Interaction between Learner-Resource

Dialogue

- Faculty-Learner
- Learner-Learner

Inquiry-based Learning

"Tell me and I forget, show me and I remember, involve

me and I understand."

Inquiry is not so much seeking the right answer -- because often there is none -- but rather seeking appropriate resolutions to questions and issues.

For educators, inquiry implies emphasis on the development of inquiry skills and the nurturing of inquiring attitudes or habits of mind that will enable individuals to continue the quest for knowledge throughout life.

An important outcome of inquiry should be useful knowledge about the natural and human-designed worlds. How are these worlds **organized**? How do they **change**? How do they **interrelate**? And how do we **communicate** about, within, and across these worlds?

Open inquiry

Guided inquiry

Structured inquiry

Confirmation inquiry

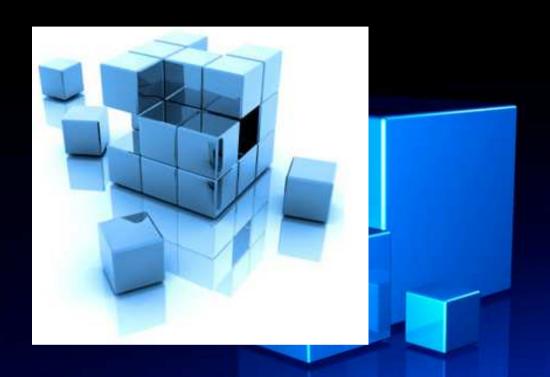


Empowering of Learners

- Co-creation of learning material
- Shared learning content
- Participatory learning
- Collaborative learning setting



Reusable Learning Objects (RLOs)



An RLO is an independent and self-standing unit of learning content that is predisposed to reuse in multiple instructional context (Polsani, 2003)

Characteristics – Reusable Learning Objects

- (1) Digital / web-based (24/7)
- (2) Reusable multiple context; multiple purpose; multiple times
- (3) Self-contained specific topic / learning objective
- (4) Small in size to focus learners attention (2-15 min.)
- (5) Standardized —

 RLOs follow the same organizational structure; free of lookand feel of formatting to be reused in multiple delivery media
- (6) Searchable tagged with metadata (data that describe the RLO)

Characteristics – Reusable Learning Objects

- (7) Flexible —
 easy to update; easy access to quality teaching and learning
 resources for a wide range of learners
- (8) Aggregate build larger modules, courses or curricula
- (9) Suited for new types of learners net-generation learner; learner-centered
- (10) Cost-effective —

 avoid duplication / redundancy of learning materials;

 intellectual capital

Simplified Learning Cycle

(1) Learning Objective

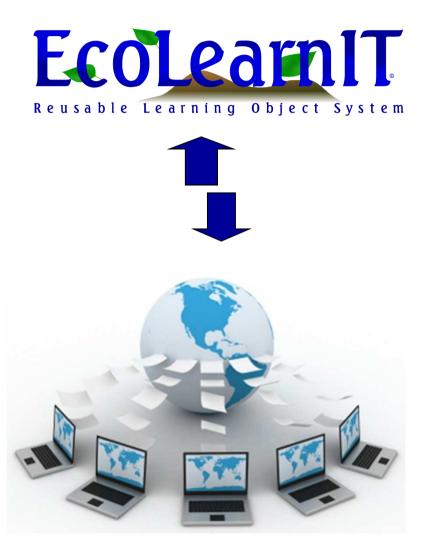


(2) Knowledge/
instruction
(learning activity):

Delivery + text, map + text
format: + interactive + video
demo

(3) Assessment
(evaluation)

+ Power Point



Key concepts:

- Open educational system
- Shared learning content
- Contains peer-reviewed published RLOs
- Allows to develop RLOs (authoring tools)
- In the spirit of Web 2.0 –
 empowers learners and
 instructors

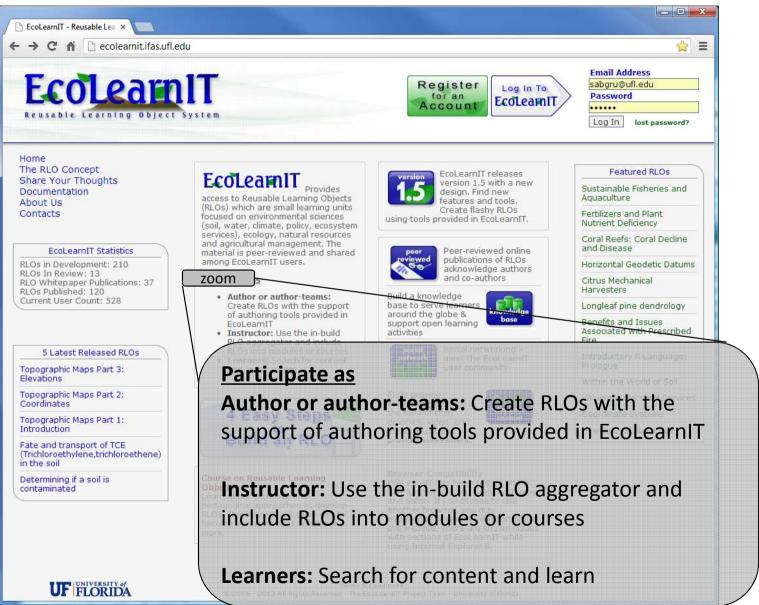
EcoLearnIT RLO System

http://EcoLearnIT.ifas.ufl.edu

Reusable

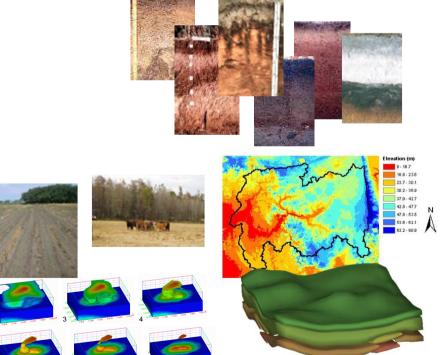
Learning

Object

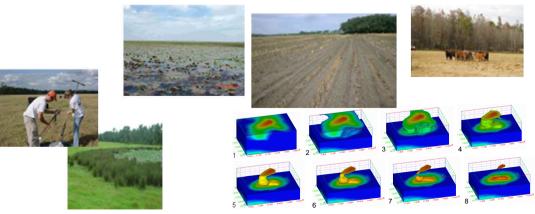


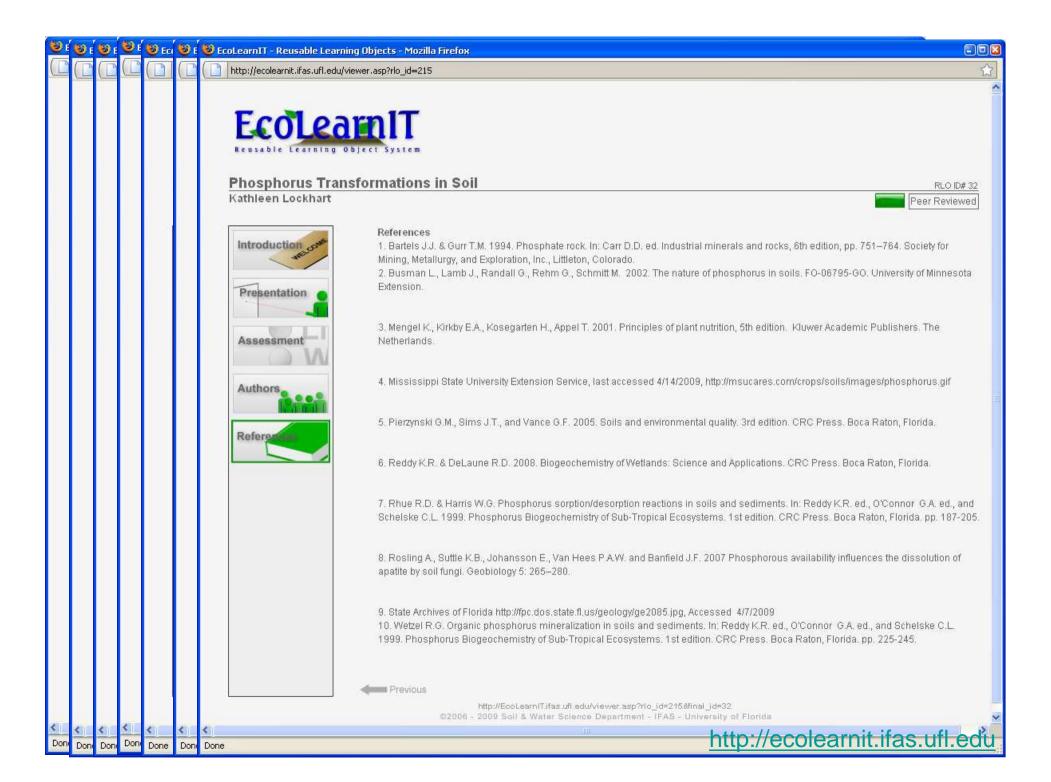
Thematic Focus in EcoLearnIT

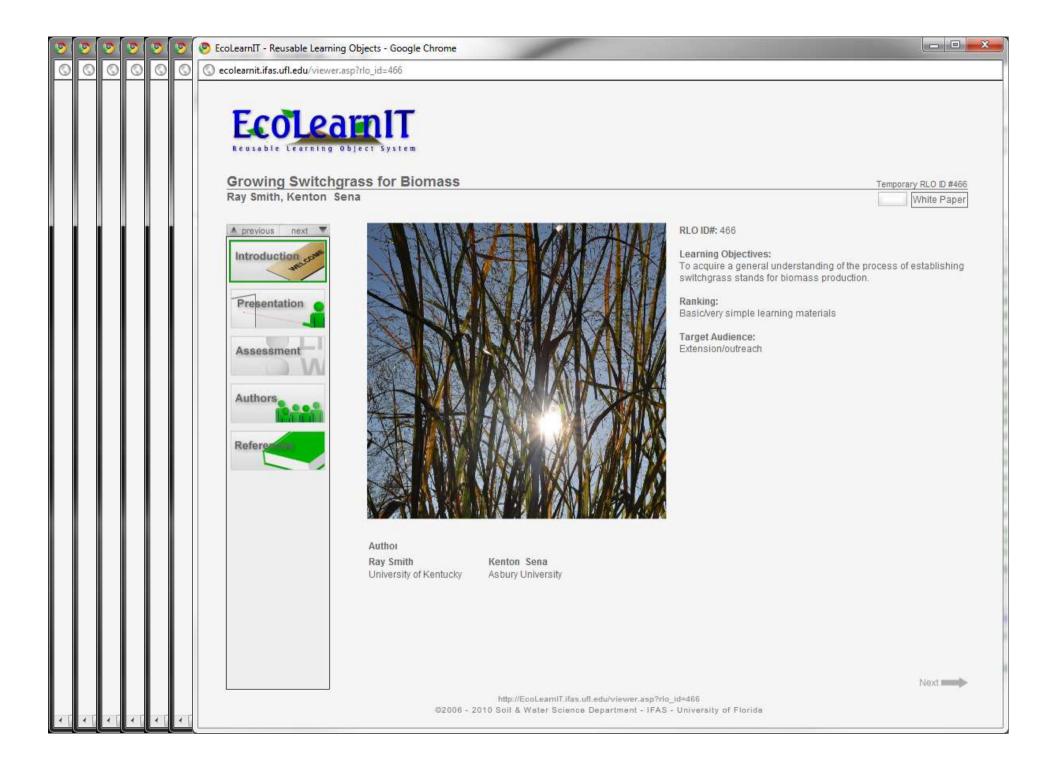
- Environmental sciences (soil, water, and climate)
- Wetland sciences
- Agriculture and life sciences
 and more











Graduate Online Course: Reusable Learning Objects (1 credit) Available for non-degree seeking students

- Learn about technical and pedagogical approaches to develop RLOs
- Develop one individual RLO and one jointly with other co-authors (group RLO)
- Learn how to peer-review material

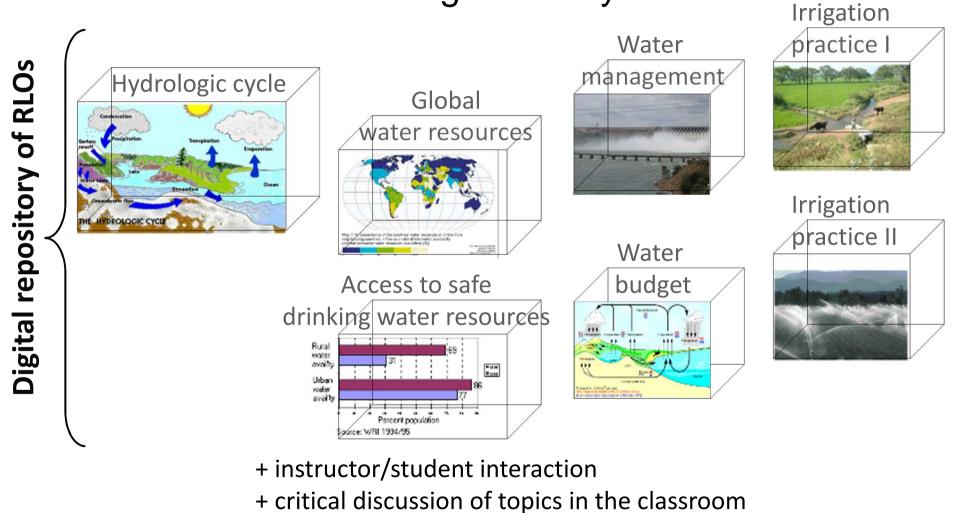
Integrate RLOs into Courses



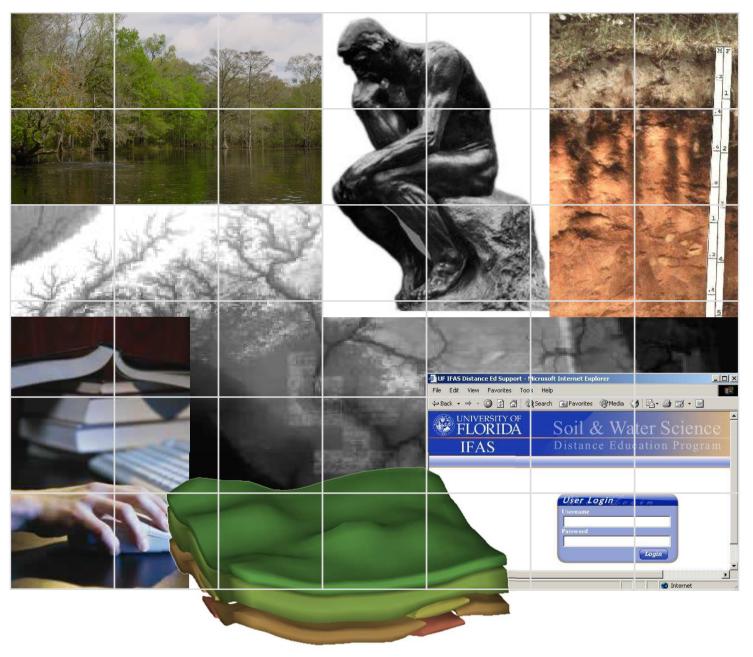
Integrate into Course
Management Systems
such as Blackboard, Sakai,
Moodle or others

Aggregation of RLOs into Courses

Course Management System



Learning path



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